

# **RILEM TG2 - Mixture & Compaction**

Carl M. Johnson January 16, 2008 Washington, D.C.

#### Welcome!

- > Brief overview of project
- Material shipment
  - Loose mix and field slabs
- Laboratory compaction status
- State of the Art report
- Presentations:
  - Dr. Emin Kutay
  - Dr. Amit Bhasin
  - > Dr. Zhanping You
  - Carl Johnson
  - > Dr. Hussain Bahia
- Closing items



### Background



- The objective of the research is to develop tools other than density to identify mixture micro-structure.
- LCPC test track material available for laboratory compaction - 6 different methods
- Specimens will be evaluated using:
  - Gamma-ray densometer (field slabs)
  - X-ray computed tomography
  - > 2-D scanned image analysis
  - Mechanical testing (E\*, FN)

### Material Shipment



		Task #1							
		COMPACTION METHODS							
		1	2	3	4	5	7		
LAB No.	LAB name	Gyratory Š US	Gyratory - CE	French Roller	German sector	Marshall	Hveem	Total amount (kg)	Number of buckets
10	AIT					20 kg		20Ź?	1
14	UC Š Davis			30 kg			70 kg	100Ź?	3
2	EMPA	20 kg		30 kg		20 kg		70 ?	2
7	LCPC		20 kg	30 kg				50 ?	2
9	Liverpool				40 kg			40 ?	2 1
3	Michigan Tech	20 kg						20 ?	1
10	Technical Univ. of Braunschweig		20 kg		40 kg	20 kg		80 ?	3
5	Total		20 kg	30 kg				50 ?	2
8	UFC Š Petrobas	20 kg		30 kg		20 kg		70 ?	3
11	University of Parma				40 kg			40 ?	2
1	UW Š Madison	20 kg						20 ?	1
16	Nottingham		20 kg					20 ?	1
21	University of Palermo				40 kg			40 ?	2
							Total	620	25
									(perfect)

March 25, 2008

C.M. Johnson

# Lab Compaction Status

> So far, compaction data received from:

ARC

- > UW-Madison
- EMPA
- LCPC
- > Michigan Tech
- Most labs have material and are currently producing specimens
- Need to finalize distribution of specimens for imaging and analysis



# Superpave Gyratory Data

- > Temperature: 135°C
- Pressure: 600 kPa
- Target density: 4% air voids

# Superpave Gyratory Data



ARC

## Superpave Gyratory Data



#### Compacted 3 samples to 30 gyrations



#### On to analysis...



- Now that we are generating specimens, we need to decide on a "best practice" for image analysis.
- Mechanical testing procedures are welldefined.
- Image analysis procedures can vary by researcher.